# Recombinant Mouse M-CSF

货号: RB91EPT302

## gui_ge

10ug

## biao_da_su_zhu

Human Cells

## biao_qian

NA

## fen_zi_liang

26 KDa

## biao_guan_fen_zi_liang

37-80 KDa, reducing conditions

## xing_tai

Lyophilized from a 0.2 μm filtered solution of PBS, pH 7.4.

## chun_du

Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

## nei_du_su_shui_ping

Less than 0.001 ng/μg (0.01 EU/μg) as determined by LAL test.

## rong_jie_fang_fa

Always centrifuge tubes before opening.Do not mix by vortex or pipetting.
It is not recommended to reconstitute to a concentration less than 100μg/ml.
Dissolve the lyophilized protein in distilled water.
Please aliquot the reconstituted solution to minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

## chu_cun_fang_fa

Lyophilized protein should be stored at < -20° C, though stable at room temperature for 3 weeks.
Reconstituted protein solution can be stored at 4-7° C for 2-7 days.
Aliquots of reconstituted samples are stable at < -20° C for 3 months.

## yun_shu_tiao_jian

The product is shipped at ambient temperature.
Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.

## bei_jing_shuo_ming

Macrophage colony-stimulating factor 1 (M-csf) is a single-pass type I membrane protein . It is a hematopoietic growth factor that is involved in the proliferation, differentiation, and survival of monocytes, macrophages, and bone marrow progenitor cells. M-CSF affects macrophages and monocytes in several ways, including stimulating increased phagocytic and chemotactic activity, and increased tumour cell cytotoxicity. The role of M-CSF is not only restricted to the monocyte/macrophage cell lineage. By interacting with its membrane receptor, M-CSF also modulates the proliferation of earlier hematopoietic progenitors and influence numerous physiological processes involved in immunology, metabolism, fertility and pregnancy.

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