Recombinant Human BCHE (C-6His)

货号: RB91EPT268

gui_ge

10ug

biao_da_su_zhu

Human Cells

biao_qian

C-6His

fen_zi_liang

66.12 KDa

biao_guan_fen_zi_liang

90 KDa, reducing conditions

xing_tai

Supplied as a 0.2 μm filtered solution of 20mM Tris-HCl, 150mM NaCl, pH 7.5.

chun_du

Greater than 95% as determined by reducing SDS-PAGE.

nei_du_su_shui_ping

Less than 0.1 ng/μg (1 EU/μg) as determined by LAL test.

chu_cun_fang_fa

Store at ≤-70° C, stable for 6 months after receipt.
Store at ≤-70° C, stable for 3 months under sterile conditions after opening.
Please minimize freeze-thaw cycles.

yun_shu_tiao_jian

The product is shipped on dry ice/polar packs.
Upon receipt, store it immediately at the temperature listed below.

bei_jing_shuo_ming

Butyrylcholine Esterase (BCHE) is a secreted protein that belongs to the type-B carboxylesterase/lipase family. BCHE is a major acetylcholine hydrolyzing enzyme in the circulation. It is detected in blood plasma and present in most cells except erythrocytes. BCHE is an esterase with broad substrate specificity. BCHE can contribute to the inactivation of the neurotransmitter acetylcholine. BCHE can degrade a large number of neurotoxic organophosphate esters. Thus, it plays important pharmacological and toxicological roles and is thought to be involved in the pathological progression. Defects in BCHE are the cause of butyrylcholinesterase deficiency (BChE deficiency) which is a metabolic disorder characterized by prolonged apnoea after the use of certain anesthetic drugs, including the muscle relaxants succinylcholine and other ester local anesthetics.

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